## Computing Per Diem when POV is Authorized to the Government's Advantage (020302.A)

Scenario: A Service member departs a PDS and travels to a stopover point by POV on September 1. The locality per diem rate is $\$ 142$ ( $\$ 86 / \$ 56$ ). He or she travels to the TDY location on September 2 , spending 1 full day at the TDY location on September 3. The locality per diem rate at the TDY location is $\$ 141$ (\$95/\$46). The Service member departs the TDY location on September 4, and spends 1 night at the stopover point, returning to the PDS on September 5. Total traveled mileage is 930 miles. The mileage rate used in this example is $\$ 0.535$.

Note: One day of travel time is allowed for each 400 miles, limited to the actual elapsed time. Reimbursement is for the actual lodging cost limited to the maximum locality per diem lodging rate plus the appropriate M\&IE. AEA is not used for this example, but may apply for the actual lodging expense exceeding the maximum per diem lodging rate when authorized or approved by the AO.


Reimbursement Computation

| Date | Expense | Amount |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Total Transportation (9/1-9/5) | TDY mileage for 930 miles | 930 miles $\times \mathbf{\$ 0 . 5 3 5 = \$ 4 9 7 . 5 5}$ |
| Total Per Diem |  | $\mathbf{\$ 5 3 2 . 0 0}$ |
| Total Per Diem and Transportation |  |  |

