

Service Member Permanent Duty Travel – Elapsed Time is Less than Authorized (JTR, par. 050205-A)

Scenario: Official distance travel is 1,500 miles. The Service member is detached from the activity at the old permanent duty station (PDS) on June 1 and checks into the new activity at the new PDS on June 4. The Service member travels by privately owned vehicle (POV). The maximum allowable travel time is 5 days; however, elapsed time is 4 days. The Service member is authorized 4 days travel time.

| Step | Action | Calculation | Result |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Determine the official distance between authorized travel points by using the Defense Table of Official Distances (DTOD) . | 1,500 miles | 1,500 miles |
| 2 | If the distance in Step 1 is at least 350 miles but no more than 400 miles, 1 day of travel is allowed. If the distance is greater than 400 miles, then divide by 350 to determine the number of authorized travel days. If the remainder is greater or equal to 51, 1 additional travel day is allowed. The result is the maximum number of authorized travel days. | $1,500 \div 350$ =4, remainder 100 | 5 maximum travel days |
| 3 | Compare the maximum travel days with the elapsed time and use of the lesser of the two. | 5 vs. 4 | 4 travel days |
| Total authorized travel time: | | | 4 days |