Local Emergency Displacements in CONUS (JTR 060101-C and Table 6-2)

The rates and costs used in the examples below may not be current and are for illustrative purposes only. Refer to the DTMO website for the applicable locality per diem rates.

Scenario 1

A hurricane in Florida required an evacuation of a Service member's spouse and child from their residence in Tampa, FL. The evacuation was authorized by the Service member's Commander, in accordance with JTR Table 6-2. The Service member's spouse and child were evacuated to a safe haven in Valdosta, GA. The Service member was placed on a temporary duty (TDY) order and worked remotely from Valdosta, GA. The evacuation order ended, and the dependents and Service member returned to their residence in Tampa, FL and discovered their home is temporarily uninhabitable because of a power outage in the area. The Service member and dependents were then authorized local emergency displacement allowances by the Service member's Commander, in accordance with JTR Table 6-2. The Service member and dependents booked and stayed in a hotel in Tampa where power was restored. The locality per diem rate was paid starting from the first day of being in a local emergency displacement and is paid in accordance with the percentages and time limits specified in JTR, par. 060205 and Table 6-17.

Scenario 2

An earthquake in California displaced a Service member, spouse, and child from their on-base residence at Fort Irwin. Fort Irwin continued to operate, and the Service member continued to report to Fort Irwin for duty. The damage to the on-base residence was temporary and the Commander of the installation authorized local emergency displacement allowances, in accordance with JTR Table 6-2. The Service member and dependents booked and stayed in a hotel in the local area while their on-base home underwent renovations. The locality per diem rate was paid in accordance with the percentages and time limits specified in JTR, par. 060205 and Table 6-17.

Scenario 3

A wildfire in Idaho displaced a Service member, spouse, and child from their residence outside of Mountain Home AFB. Mountain Home AFB continued to operate, and the Service member continued to report to Mountain Home AFB for duty. The Commander of the installation authorized local emergency displacement allowances, in accordance with JTR Table 6-2. The Service member and dependents made booked and stayed in a hotel in the local area until the wildfire ended. The locality per diem rate was paid in accordance with the percentages and time limits specified in JTR, par. 060205 and Table 6-17. The Service member and dependents returned to their residence and discovered their home is permanently uninhabitable due to fire damage. The Service member was then authorized a short distance move in accordance with JTR, pars. 051903-B.1.a(2) or 051904-A.

Scenario 4

Accidents do not qualify for local emergency displacement allowances – e.g., a tree falls on the Service member's residence and the home is uninhabitable. In this situation, the Service member would follow the terms and conditions of their renters or homeowners insurance policies.